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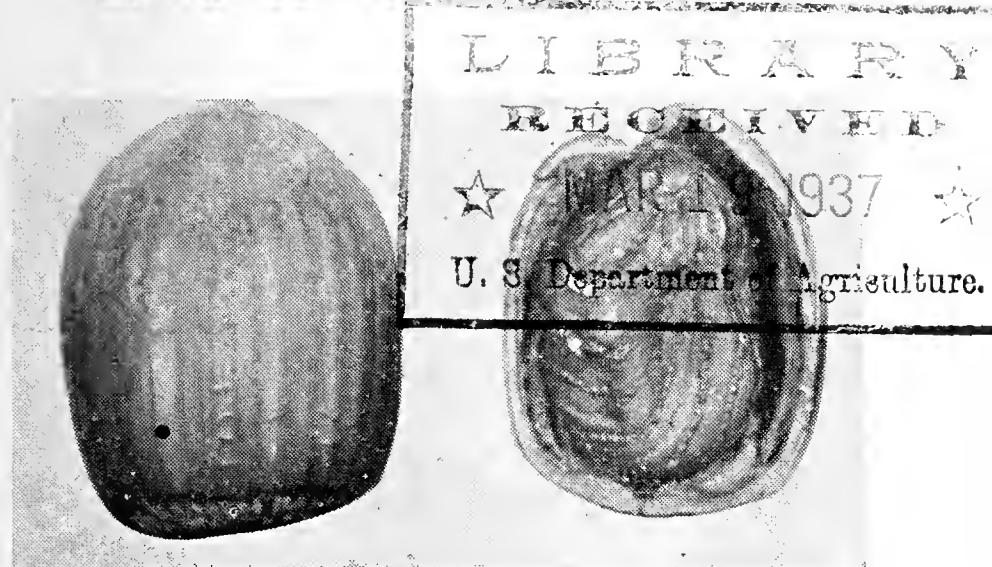
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Nut Tree Nursery

Oregon

New and Great

FILBERTS



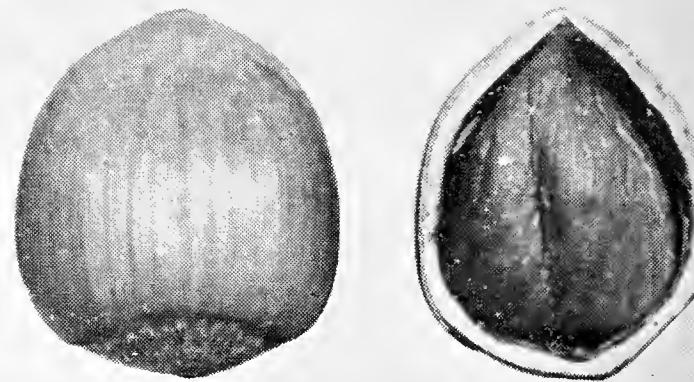
The Scherf Filbert

Reprinted from October, 1936 issue of "Better Fruit"

With filberts as with apples and with all other fruits we in America are beginning to breed new varieties that will take the place of the older varieties that we have inherited from Europe. These new varieties will be better, as newer things are, and they will be more suited to our climate. The Barcelona, which is one of several hundred of the round type filberts grown in Europe, was only an accident here, though it now has its place as our standard nut in Oregon. The DuChilly which really is a standard nut in England, known there as the Kentish cob, is grown there for a green nut to eat before it is ripe. It is well to say that we cannot put our finger on what new nuts will take their place. The Brixnut seems as profitable as the Barcelona. But the new nuts promise much more.

There are appearing over the Northwest, accidentally or brought out by breeders, new nuts of such size and quality, that there is little comparison with the older smaller nuts.

These nuts are larger than anything ever seen in imported filberts or seen today in any market. The largest are as big as the average



The Woodford Filbert

soft shell pecan or the almond. They will raise the size of the filbert in the market from the small "philbert," that a national magazine has made so prominent, to a nut that will be no joke in any nut market.

Some have thought that these large nuts may have grown here because of the change of environment or climate from where they grew naturally. The chances are that the exceedingly large nuts are due to a crossing of the varieties from northern Europe with those of southern Europe. These crosses would not naturally occur in Europe. We know at least that some of these are crosses of the Daviana and Barcelona, the first from northern Europe and the Barcelona from Spain. Others of the new seedlings are of unknown parentage.

The nuts which seem to appeal to the public most, and these are the ones that we should give our attention, are plump nuts of the long type, a rather glorified Daviana. There are at least six of the nuts that have been brought to our attention that are worthy of being watched and planted in experimental plantings. One is the Scherf, nearly an inch and a half long and nearly an inch in cross section. The trees grow well and bear heavily. The nut has a thin shell with a fine quality kernel. First propagated by A. B. Scherf of Newberg. Another is the Royal, much like the Scherf, though a trifle shorter, it has a thicker shell but a plumper kernel. It bears fairly well with ordinary pollinators. Propagated first by Pearcy Brothers of Salem. Another is the Fitzgerald. This is much the same as the two mentioned above. It has never had a real opportunity to produce as it has never been

grown in the real filbert country. Propagated by Dell Fitzgerald of Washougal, Wash.

The Woodford, grown by E. W. Woodford of Forest Grove, is a smaller nut of the same type. It is liked best of all by some, as it fills its shell so well, perhaps though, because it has been grown in better soil. It bears as well or better than the Barcelona with a Barcelona orchard and pollinizers. Not propagated as yet, it certainly would be an addition to our present Barcelona groves as it is a proved pollinizer for the Barcelona. Another is the Rice, under observation, first found in the grove belonging to Superintendent Rice of the Portland schools. Another is the Grant, grown near Vancouver. Besides these our filbert breeder, Mr. Brixey of Brooks, has two or three varieties of the same type as those we have described.



The Royal Filbert

The value of all of these nuts in our eyes is that they are all of the same type and could be grown together and sold together, besides being outstanding in size and quality. The filbert as grown in the Northwest is better than anything else the world supplies but these new nuts will make the product here so outstanding that the contrast between the little imported nuts and ours will be very great. They will also put the filbert on a higher plane in the nut market.

Experiments have been conducted the past year to find pollinizers for each of these and work will be continued until everything is known about their pollination that should be known.



The Barcelona Filbert

The above article reprinted from Better Fruit magazine gives a very good idea of the new filberts that are being tried out in the Pacific Northwest. None of these are recommended for commercial planting as yet. In fact there are only a very limited number of trees to be had of these varieties. We can supply small trees of the Scherf, Royal and Fitzgerald as long as they last for \$1.50 each to those who wish to make a trial of these varieties.

We also have a few Longfellow filbert trees on their own roots. These are larger than the DuChilly. The trees are fast growers and good bearers. Each \$1.

The Barcelona is the standard variety here and the most profitable to grow. We have some very fine trees grown two years in the nursery, on their own roots. These include pollinizers of Daviana and DuChilly, and White Ayeline if desired.

	Each	Ten	100
2 to 3 trees	\$0.35	\$0.30	\$0.30
3 to 4 trees	.40	.35	.35
4 to 6 trees	.50	.45	.45

We are headquarters for all kinds of chestnuts, American, Chinese, Japanese and European. We also have grafted black walnuts, hickories, pecans and pistachios. Also a good stock of Oriental and American persimmons.

CARROLL D. BUSH

Nut Tree Nursery

Eagle Creek, Oregon